



Community Advocacy and Supportive Strategies in Social WorkName:

Institution:

Date:

Community Advocacy and Supportive Strategies in Social Work

Direct social work: Advocacy

Engagement in social work advocacy is centered around addressing systemic challenges and obstacles that undermine community resilience. The initial phase of advocacy focuses on investigating the root causes of these systemic challenges and assessing the feasibility of overcoming these obstacles with existing or anticipated resources. Advocacy efforts entail examining the institutional factors that disproportionately affect communities due to specific environmental conditions, mobilizing community participation, and formulating actionable strategies to resolve these issues (Cummins & Sevel, 2017). Advocacy begins by connecting with communities facing social impediments, employing diverse methods to capture the interest and influence the viewpoints of influential entities capable of enacting meaningful change. Successfully meeting the defined objectives marks a pivotal success in the advocacy effort.

#### Direct provision of social work practice: Case Management

The case management model introduces a focused analysis into the practice of social work, distinguishing it from traditional approaches. This model emphasizes the importance of thoroughly assessing the unique aspects of each case against the backdrop of related studies in social science. By adopting case management, social workers can tailor personalized intervention plans that maximize positive outcomes for clients while also contributing valuable insights for professionals encountering similar situations in the future (Petr, 2003, pp. 71-72). The execution and planning of case management require a meticulous and deliberate approach. The decision to conclude involvement in a case is based on the effectiveness of the implemented strategy and the particular developments unique to each case's context.